



School of Health Sciences

Program: Bachelor of Technology in Nursing

Option:

NURS 3020 Clinical Techniques 3 — Laboratory

Start Date: January, 2004 End Date: May, 2004

Total Hours: 34 Total Weeks: 17 Term/Level: 4 Course Credits: 2

Hours/Week: 2 Lecture: 1 Lab: 1 Shop: Seminar: Other:

Prerequisites NURS 3020 is a Prerequisite for:

Course No. Course Name Course No. Course Name

NURS 2020 Clinical Techniques 2 NURS 4530 Nursing Practicum 5

or

NURS 7030 Nursing Practicum in a Specialty Unit

and

NURS 7070 Nursing Practicum in the Community

■ Course Description

This laboratory course presents nursing skills related to intermittent infusion devices, patient-controlled analgesia and epidural analgesia, complex wound care, gastrointestinal tubes, vascular access devices, enteral and parenteral nutrition, medication administration by IV push, urethral catheterization, blood glucose monitoring, administration of blood products, chest drainage systems, tracheostomy care and neurological assessment. Emphasis is placed on: student understanding regarding the purpose of the skill, focused assessment related to the skill and safe and confident demonstration of the skill. The communication and research aspects of the skills are also included. Independent and laboratory practice, demonstrations and examinations are part of the course.

Detailed Course Description

This course facilitates student learning of particular hands-on nursing skills used in professional nursing practice.

Evaluation

Midterm multiple choice exam

Final multiple choice exam

TOTAL

50%

Comments: To successfully complete this course, the student must:

100%

- 1. participate in weekly practice labs.
- achieve a final mark of 50%.

■ Course Learning Outcomes/Competencies

The student will:

- 1. describe the purpose of skill to the patient.
- 2. describe the safety principles for all nursing skills.
- 3. prepare a focused assessment of the patient related to the skill.
- 4. demonstrate selected skills competently and confidently while maintaining patient comfort.
- 5. demonstrate the communication aspects of nursing skills.
- 6. demonstrate responsibility for attaining and maintaining a safe level of skill performance.
- 7. plan patient teaching related to the skill.
- 8. think and reflect about nursing skills by:
 - 8.1 demonstrating awareness of the research base associated with the skills.
 - 8.2 recognizing the potential risks associated with the skills.
 - 8.3 making judgements about the skill considering the context.

Process Learning Threads

This course facilitates student growth in relation to these graduate outcomes:

- **Professionalism** Students recognize the necessity to use sound assessment and clinical judgement in relation to skill performance. Students carry out skills safely while considering contextual and individual needs. They adhere to the standards for nursing practice in BC.
- Communication Students use relevant and appropriate vocabulary when communicating about skills (verbally, in writing, and when using electronic charting). Students dialogue with colleagues and instructors in the process of learning
- Systematic Inquiry Students have an increased awareness of relevant research related to skill performance. They use a variety of sources to understand what evidence supports skill protocols. They discuss evidence-based practice with health care professionals. Students raise questions about clinical techniques.
- **Professional Growth** Students have individual responsibility in how skills are learned, practiced and demonstrated. Students value continually updating knowledge to practice safely. Students are responsible and accountable for their actions.
- Creative Leadership Students collaborate with other health professionals about skills. Students recognize the need to make decisions about skills. Students recognize the need to make decisions about skill performance in individual patient situations. Students recognize potential risks to the patient and carry out the skills in a manner that would not increase the risk to patients.
- **Technical Skills** Laboratory class and practice assists the students to develop competency with the skills used in nursing practice.

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■ Verification

I verify that the content of this course outline is current.

May 27/63

Authoring Instructor

I verify that this course outline has been reviewed.

May 27/63

Date

I verify that this course outline has been reviewed.

I verify that this course outline complies with BCIT policy.

May 28/63

Note: Should changes be required to the content of this course outline, students will be given reasonable notice.

■ Instructor(s)

Cathy Hine

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Office Hrs.:

By appointment

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Learning Resources

Required Textbook:

Perry, A.G., & Potter, P.A. (2002). Clinical nursing skills and techniques (5th ed.). St. Louis, MO: Mosby, Inc.

BCIT. (2002). Clinical techniques 3: Laboratory manual. Burnaby: Author.

One of the following medical-surgical textbooks:

Black, J.M., & Metassarin-Jabos, E. (1997). Medical-surgical nursing: Clinical management for continuity of care (5th ed.). Philadelphia, PA: Saunders.

LeMone, P., & Burke, L.M. (1996). Medical-surgical nursing: Critical thinking in client care. Menlo Park, CA: Addison Wesley.

Phipps, W.J., Sands, J.K., & Marck, J.F. (1999). Medical-surgical nursing: Concepts and clinical practice (6th ed.). St. Louis, MO: Mosby.

Smeltzer, S.C., & Bare, B.C. (1996) Brunner and Suddarth's textbook of medical-surgical nursing (8th ed.). Philadelphia, PA: Lippincott.

Required Readings: — See course schedule and reading list.

Information for Students

Assignments: Late assignments, lab reports or projects will not be accepted for marking. Assignments must be done on an individual basis unless otherwise specified by the instructor.

Makeup Tests, Exams or Quizzes: There will be no makeup tests, exams or quizzes. If you miss a test, exam or quiz, you will receive zero marks. Exceptions may be made for documented medical reasons or extenuating circumstances. In such a case, it is the responsibility of the student to inform the instructor immediately.

Ethics: BCIT assumes that all students attending the Institute will follow a high standard of ethics. Incidents of cheating or plagiarism may, therefore, result in a grade of zero for the assignment, quiz, test, exam or project for all parties involved and/or expulsion from the course.

Attendance: The attendance policy as outlined in the current BCIT Calendar will be enforced. Attendance will be taken at the beginning of each session. Students not present at that time will be recorded as absent. Students may be recommended for an unsatisfactory grade if absent more than 10% of the time. Students are responsible for content and practice activities for a missed class.

Illness: A doctor's note is required for any illness causing you to miss assignments, quizzes, tests, projects or exam. At the discretion of the instructor, you may complete the work missed or have the work prorated.

Attempts: Students must successfully complete a course within a maximum of three attempts at the course. Students with two attempts in a single course will be allowed to repeat the course only upon special written permission from the Associate Dean. Students who have not successfully completed a course within three attempts will not be eligible to graduate from the appropriate program.

Course Outline Changes: The material or schedule specified in this course outline may be changed by the instructor. If changes are required, they will be announced in class.

Information for Students (cont'd.)

- 1. Course delivery and evaluation methods will be discussed during the first week of the class.
- 2. Clinical techniques will be practiced during laboratory periods and open lab practice times.
- 3. Unforeseeable circumstances may necessitate the alteration of course content, sequencing, timing or evaluation. As much as possible, students will be given adequate notice of such changes.

■ Assignment Details

1. Midterm Multiple Choice Exam

Midterm exam is worth 50% of total final grade.

The multiple choice exam will be based on the clinical techniques covered in weeks 1-8.

2. Final Multiple Choice Exam

Final exam is worth 50% of total final grade.

A multiple choice exam will be given during examination week. The questions will be based on the skills from midterm to the end of the term.

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Schedule

Week of/ Number	Clinical Technique	Preparation/Learning Activity
Jan. 5 (1)	 Introduction to NURS 3020 Review course outline Discussion of evaluation methods Required readings Practice lab schedule BCIT nursing students policies http://www.health.bcit.ca/nursing/info.htm NURS 4030 Capillary blood glucose monitoring — independent study — certification by practicum instructor on ward Problem-solving activity 	 NURS 3020 Lab Manual Finger-stick Blood Glucose Monitoring Course Textbook Clinical nursing skills and techniques, pp. 1196–1201. Articles (Library Reserve or online) Seley, J.J., & Quigley, L. (2000). Blood glucose testing. American Journal of Nursing, 100(8). Fleming, D. (1999). Challenging traditional insulin injection practices. American Journal of Nursing, 99(2), 72–74. Rankin, M., & Esteves, M. (1996). How to assess a research study. American Journal of Nursing, 96(12), 32–37.
Jan. 12 (2)	 Intravenous Therapy – Part 1 Intermittent infusion devices Establishing saline locks Administering medications via saline locks 	NURS 3020 Lab Manual Intermittent Infusion Devices Practice Lab Preparation Activities Course Textbook Clinical nursing skills and techniques, pp. 560–563; 539–546.

Week of/ Number	Clinical Technique	Preparation/Learning Activity
Jan. 19 (3)	 Intravenous Therapy – Part 2 Administering medications via IV push Continuous IV and IV push medications Intermittent infusion devices and IV push medications 	NURS 3020 Lab Manual • IV Push Medications • Practice Lab Preparation Activities Course Textbook Clinical nursing skills and techniques, pp. 546–551. Articles (Library Reserve) Power, L. (1999). Boning up on IV push. Canadian Nurse, 95(10), 36-39. Skokal, W. (2000). IV push @ home. RN, 63(10), 26–30.
Jan. 26 (4)	Pain Management Patient-controlled analgesia (PCA) Epidural analgesia Assessment and management Problem-solving pain management problems	NURS 3020 Lab Manual • Pain Management • Practice Lab Preparation Activities Course Textbook Clinical nursing skills and techniques, pp. 94–104. Articles (Library Reserve) Paseo, C., & McCaffrey, M. (1999, August). Providing epidural analgesia. Nursing 99, 34–40. Reiff, P.A., & Niziolek, M.M. (2001). Troubleshooting tips for PCA. RN, 64(4), 33-37.

Week of/ Number	Clinical Technique	Preparation/Learning Activity
Feb. 2 (5)	Complex Wound Management – Part 1 • Wound assessment • Wound/sinus irrigation • Wet-to-damp dressings	 NURS 3020 Lab Manual Complex Wound Management – Part 1 Practice Lab Preparation Activities Course Textbook Clinical nursing skills and techniques, pp. 1004–1015. Articles Griffiths, R.D. (2001). Is tap water a safe alternative to normal saline for wound irrigation in the community setting? Journal of Wound Care, 10(10), 407-411. Ovington, L.G. (2001). Hanging wet-to-dry dressings out to dry. Home Healthcare Nurse, 19(8). Mendez-Eastman, S. (2002). Negative-pressure wound therapy. Nursing 2002, 32(5), 58–64.
Feb. 9 (6)	Complex Wound Management – Part 2 • Vascular insufficiency wounds • Pressure ulcer staging and treatment • Moisture retentive dressings	NURS 3020 Lab Manual Complex Wound Management – Part 2 Practice Lab Preparation Activities Course Textbook Clinical nursing skills and techniques, pp. 164–190. Articles Ayello, E.A. (2001). Why is pressure ulcer risk assessment so important? Nursing 2001, 31(11), 74–79. Ovington, L.G. (2001). Wound care products: How to choose. Advances in Skin and Wound Care: The Journal for Prevention and Healing, 14(5).

Week of/ Number	Clinical Technique	Preparation/Learning Activity
Feb. 16	Intravenous Therapy – Part 3	NURS 3020 Lab Manual
(7)	Central venous catheters (CVC)	• Intravenous Therapy – Part 3
	 Peripherally inserted central catheters (PICCs) Assessment and management 	Practice Lab Preparation Activities
	Troubleshooting and emergency measures	Course Textbook
		Clinical nursing skills and techniques, pp. 579–587; 684–685.
		Articles
		Halderman, F. (2000). Selecting a vascular access device. <i>Nursing 2000, 30</i> (11), 59-61.
		Masoorli, S. (1997, August). Managing complications of central vein access devices. Nursing 97, 59–63.
		Moureau, N. (2001). Preventing complications with vascular access devices. Nursing 2001, 31(7), 52–55.
		Sansivero, G.E. (1998). Why pick a PICC?: What you need to know. <i>Nursing CE Handbook</i> .
	Intravenous Therapy – Part 4 • Total parenteral nutrition	NURS 3020 Lab Manual
*		Intravenous Therapy – Part 4
		Problem Solving Activities
		Course Textbook
		Clinical nursing skills and techniques, pp. 692–699.
		Articles (Library Reserve and online)
		Hall, J.C. (1999). Choosing nutrition support: How and when to initiate.
	·	Lippincott's Case Management (Formerly Nursing Case Management), 4(5). Gianino, S., Seltzer, R., & Eisenbert, P. (1996, February). The ABCs of TPN. RN, 42–48.
Feb. 23 (8)		MIDTERM EXAM

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Week of/ Number	Clinical Technique	Preparation/Learning Activity
Mar. 1 (9)	NO LAB	
Mar. 8 (10)	• Urethral catheterization – male and female	 NURS 3020 Lab Manual Urethral Catheterization Practice Lab Preparation Activities Course Textbook Clinical nursing skills and techniques, pp. 706–720. Articles Parker, L.J. (1999). Urinary catheter management: Minimizing the risk of infection. British Journal of Nursing, 8(9), 563–571. Robinson, J. (2001). Urethral catheter selection. Nursing Standard, 15(25), 39–42.
Mar. 15	SPRING BREAK	
Mar. 22 (11)	Intravenous Therapy – Part 5 • Blood product administration • Transfusion of packed red cells	NURS 3020 Lab Manual Intravenous Therapy – Part 5 Practice Lab Preparation Activities Course Textbook Clinical nursing skills and techniques, pp. 617–634. Articles Fitzpatrick, L., & Fitzpatrick, T. (1997, August). Blood transfusion: Keeping your patient safe. Nursing 97, 34–42.

Week of/ Number	Clinical Technique	Preparation/Learning Activity
Mar. 29	Neurological Assessments	NURS 3020 Lab Manual
(12)	Glasgow coma scale	Neurological Assessments
	Neurovital signs	Practice Lab Preparation Activities
	Complex neurological assessments	
	•	Course Textbook
		Medical-Surgical Nursing Textbook – Neurological Assessment.
		Articles
		O'Hanlon-Nichols, T. (1999). Neurological assessment. <i>American Journal of Nursing</i> , 99(6).
		Lower, J. (2002). Facing neuro assessment fearlessly. Nursing 2002, 32(2), 58-65.

Week of/ Number	Clinical Technique	Preparation/Learning Activity
Apr. 5	Gastrointestinal Tubes	NURS 3020 Lab Manual
(13)	Nasogastric tube insertion and irrigation	Gastrointestinal Tubes and Enteral Nutritional Therapy
	Nasoenteral tubes	Practice Lab Preparation Activities
	Gastrostomy (PEG tubes) and jejunostomy tubes	
		Course Textbook
	Enteral Nutritional Therapy	Clinical nursing skills and techniques, pp. 756–762; 676–680.
	Tube feedings	Articles
		Kohn-Keeth, C. (2000, March). How to keep feeding tubes flowing freely. Nursing 2000, 58–59.
		Morse, J.M., Penrod, J., Kassab, C., & Dellasega, C. (2000). Evaluating the efficiency and effectiveness of approaches to nasogastric tube insertion during trauma care. <i>American Journal of Critical Care</i> , 9(5), 325–333.
		Watt, R., & Lewis, R. (2001). Improving care for patients with gastrostomy tubes. <i>Canadian Nurse</i> , 97(10), 30–33.
		Metheny, N.A., & Titler, M.G. (2001). Assessing placement of feeding tubes. American Journal of Nursing, 101(5).
		Bowers, S. (2000). All about tubes: Your guide to enteral feeding devices. Nursing 2000, 30(12).
		Review: (TPN reading)
		Hall, J.C. (1999). Choosing nutrition support: How and when to initiate. Lippincott's Case Management (Formerly Nursing Case Management), 4(5).

Week of/ Number	Clinical Technique	Preparation/Learning Activity
Apr. 12 (14)	Tracheostomy Tubes • Assessment and nursing management • Suctioning • Changing dressings/ties	NURS 3020 Lab Manual Tracheostomy Tubes Practice Lab Preparation Activities
	Emergency measures	Course Textbook Clinical nursing skills and techniques, pp. 371–374; 380–385.
		Articles Kinloch, D. (1999). Instillation of normal saline during endotracheal suctioning: Effects on mixed venous oxygen saturation. American Journal of Critical Care, 8(4), 231–240. McConnell, E. (2000). Suctioning a tracheostomy tube. Nursing 2000, 30(1), 80.
Apr. 19 (15)	Chest Drainage Systems Assessment and nursing management Troubleshooting and emergency measures	NURS 3020 Lab Manual Chest Drainage Systems Practice Lab Preparation Activities
	·	Course Textbook Clinical nursing skills and techniques, pp. 391–402.
,		Articles Blank-Reid, C., & Reid, P. (1999, April). Taking the tension out of traumatic pneumothorax. Nursing 99, 41–46. Lazzara, D. (2002). Eliminate the air of mystery from chest tubes. Nursing 2002, 32(6), 36–43.
Apr. 26 (16)	,	NO LAB
May 3 (17)	EXAM WEEK — FINAL EXAM TBA	

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