

Course Outline

BRITISH COLUMBIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Operating Unit: Health Sciences Program: Medical Radiography

Option:

MRAD 3308
Radiobiology and Radiation Protection

Start Date: January, 1999		End			
Course Credits:	1.5				Term/Level:
Total Hours:	24				
Total Weeks:	8				
Hours/Week: 3	Lecture:	Lab:	Shop:	Seminar:	Other:
Prerequisites			MRAD 3308 is a	Prerequisite for:	
Course No. Cours	se Name		Course No. Cour	rse Name	

Course Calendar Description

Anatomy and Physiology; Physics for Medical Radiography

The first part of this course deals with the fundamental concepts of Radiobiology through a discussion of radiation interaction with tissue, radiosensitivity, radiation effects at doses greater and within the diagnostic range, effects of radiation on the embryo and fetus as well as low-level radiation effects.

In the second part of the course, Radiation Protection concepts are introduced. First, the principles of radiation protection and the establishment of dose limits are described. This is followed by a discussion of various methods used to minimize radiation dose to both patients and personnel. Finally, the course concludes with equipment specifications and shielding guides for diagnostic x-ray installations.

Course Goals

To provide students with a knowledge of radiation biology so that they can apply effective radiation protection measures to patients, personnel and members of the public.

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Final Examination	50%	TOTAL	100%
Mid-Term	30%		
Projects	10%		
Quiz	10%		

Course Learning Outcomes/Competencies

Upon successful completion of this course the student will be able to:

- define the term radiobiology and trace important historical events relating to the injury of humans exposed to radiation.
- 2. explain how radiation interacts with tissue with emphasis on photoelectric absorption and Compton effect.
- 3. explain two theories of biologic damage by radiation.
- 4. define the term "radiosensitivity" and state the law of Bergonie and Tribondeau.
- 5. describe radiation effects (stochastic and non-stochastic) for doses higher than the diagnostic range for the lymphoid organs, gonads, eyes, etc.
- 6. describe radiation effects for doses within the diagnostic range for lymphoid organs, gonads, eyes, etc.
- 7. describe radiation effects on the embryo, fetus and child, based on the stages of development: preimplantation, major organogenesis and growth stage.
- 8. describe stochastic and non-stochastic effects of low level radiation over an extended period of time with specific reference to radiology personnel.
- 9. explain the fundamental principles of radiation protection for diagnostic radiology; time, shielding and distance.
- describe current radiation protection standards of justification, optimization (ALARA) and dose limitation for diagnostic radiology.
- 11. state the dose limits for radiation workers and members of the public.
- 12. describe various methods for minimizing exposure of both patients and personnel to radiation.
- 13. identify equipment specifications for diagnostic radiology and explain how these specifications serve to protect patients and personnel from unnecessary radiation exposure.
- 14. explain the concept of radiation risk to the patient according to department radiation protection guidelines.

CAMRT Competencies

On successful completion of the above outcomes, you should be prepared to perform the following competencies as defined in the "Competency Profile" for radiographers, established by the CAMRT.

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MODULE B RADIATION HEALTH, AND SAFETY

CRITICAL	TASK	B1	Protect	the	patient
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B1.1 C	Duestion	female	patients to	ascertain	possibility	y of	pregnancy

- B1.2 Consult with the radiologist or physician in cases of suspected pregnancy
- B1.3 Adjust routine for radiography of pregnant women
- B1.4 Provide information regarding radiation exposure to the fetus
- B1.5 Use protective practices to reduce the risk of damaging effects of radiation in the diagnostic range
- B1.6 Collimate only to the area of interest to minimize patient dose
- B1.7 Select exposure factors consistent with optimal image quality and minimum radiation dose
- B1.8 Use addition filters as required
- B1.9 Monitor fluoroscopic exposure and note fluoroscopic time

CRITICAL TASK B2 Protect the technologist

- B2.1 Stand behind protective barriers
- B2.2 Wear lead protective apparel when remaining in the radiation area
- B2.3 Remain as far as possible from patient and source during exposure
- B2.4 Use position aids/immobilization devices to avoid having to hold the patient during the procedure
- B2.5 Direct x-ray towards primary barriers only

CRITICAL TASK B3 Protect others required to be present during the procedure

- B3.1 Advise accompanying females to leave the radiation area when pregnancy is known or suspected
- B3.1 Instruct people in the radiation area to maintain a safe distance and/or use radiation barriers during the exposure
- B3.3 Provide protection for people remaining with the patient during exposure

CRITICAL TASK B4 Protect others not required to be present during the procedure

- B4.1 Close the doors of the radiation area when in use
- B4.2 Instruct people to leave the vicinity during imaging procedure

CRITICAL TASK B5 Monitor personal radiation exposure

- B5.1 Wear radiation monitoring device
- B5.2 Check the accumulation of the radiation dose
- B5.3 Take appropriate action should readings exceed recommended standards

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Course (Content	Verification
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I verify that the content of this course outline is current, accurate, and complies with BCIT Policy.				
Program Head/Chief Instructor	Date			

Note: Should changes be required to the content of this course outline, students will be given reasonable notice.



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Operating Unit: Health Sciences Program: Medical Radiography

Option:

MRAD 3308 Radiobiology and Radiation Protection

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Euclid Seeram, RTR., B.Sc., M.Sc.

Office No.:
Office Hrs.:

Office Phone:

E-mail Address:

Learning Resources

Required:

- 1. Safety Code 20A: X-Ray Equipment in Medical Diagnosis, Part A, Health and Welfare Canada, 1990
- 2. Seeram, E.: Radiation Protection, Lippincott.1997

Recommended:

1. Radiologic Science for Technologists by Bushong, 6th Edition, C.V. Mosby, 1997.

BCIT Policy Information for Students

Assignment Details

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BRITISH COLUMBIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Operating Unit: Health Sciences Program: Medical Radiography Option:

Radiobiolog

Week Lecture of Lab Number	Outcome/Material Covered	Reference
AC	Predicted Order of Coverage	BD
Jan. 4	Introduction Radiation Interaction with Tissue	Jan. 18
Jan. 11	 Sensitivity of Various Organs of the Body Bioeffects at Doses Higher than the Diagnostic Range 	Jan. 25
Feb. 1	 Bioeffects at Doses within the Diagnostic Range Effects of Radiation on Embryo, Fetus and Child 	Feb. 15
Feb. 8	 Low Level Radiation Effects Principles of Radiation Protection 	Feb. 22
Mar. 3	MID TERM EXAMINATION	Mar. 24
Mar. 8	Dose LimitsMinimizing Dose to Patients	Mar. 29
Mar. 15	SPRING BREAK	Mar. 15
Apr. 5	 Minimizing Dose to Personnel Equipment Specifications Shielding Guides for Diagnostic X-ray Installation 	Apr. 12
Apr. 191–23	FINAL EXAMINATION	Apr. 19–23