



A POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTION

School of Health Sciences  
Program: Medical Radiography  
Option:

**MRAD 2216**  
**Radiographic Procedures 2**

<b>Start Date:</b>	September, 2006	<b>End Date:</b>	December, 2006
<b>Total Hours:</b> 40	<b>Total Weeks:</b> 4	<b>Term/Level:</b> 2A	<b>Course Credits:</b> 4
<b>Hours/Week:</b> 10	<b>Lecture:</b> 5	<b>Shop:</b>	<b>Seminar:</b> Other:
	<b>Lab:</b> 5		
<b>Total Hours:</b> 35	<b>Total Weeks:</b> 5	<b>Term:</b> 2B	
<b>Hours/Week:</b> 7	<b>Lecture:</b> 2	<b>Lab:</b> 5	

**Prerequisites**

Successful completion of Level 1

**MRAD 2216 is a Prerequisite for:**

Entry into Level 3

**Course Description (required)**

Positioning for radiographic procedures related to the urinary and digestive systems as well as vertebral column, hip and shoulder girdle radiography will be covered. Skills to evaluate the diagnostic and technical acceptability of the radiographs for the respective areas will also be examined. Practice formulating technique changes for various exams and for the variations of the normal patient will be provided. Labs will reinforce theoretical components of the course.

**Detailed Course Description (optional)**

The goals of this course are to provide students with the skills required to:

1. position patients for the views/projections being studied.
2. evaluate the diagnostic and technical acceptability of radiographs of areas being studied.
3. calculate technique changes and recognize variables of techniques for various exams and the variations of the normal patient.
4. produce specified radiographs using radiographic phantoms.

### Evaluation

Final Examination	40%	Comments: All labs and projects must be satisfactorily completed before a course mark will be given.  (65% is required for a pass.)
Midterm 1	10%	
Midterm 2	20%	
Rad Eval Quizzes	10%	
Applied Lab	10%	
Positioning Lab Assignment	5%	
Positioning Lab	5%	
TOTAL	<u>100%</u>	

### Course Learning Outcomes/Competencies

Upon successful completion, the student will be able to:

1. Define, describe and demonstrate beam directions, centring points and patient positioning relating to the radiography of the:
  - vertebral column
  - shoulder girdle
  - hip girdle
  - colon
  - stomach
  - urinary system
2. Describe required projections relating to radiographic examinations of the colon and urinary system.
3. Demonstrate radiographic judgement, organizational and communication skills and radiographic competence while positioning a patient.
4. Evaluate radiographs for the studied areas for diagnostic acceptability based on:
  - a. inclusion of all required structures
  - b. demonstration of correct positioning
  - c. appropriate level of density and contrast demonstrated
5. Assess main contributing factors to the overall radiographic image quality based on the:
  - a. type of patient involved (body habitus, pathology, and limitation of movement)
  - b. appropriate technique factors required
  - c. acceptable processing methods used
6. Propose possible solutions to poor radiographic quality.
7. Calculate radiographic technique factors using the DuPont Bit System.

## CAMRT COMPETENCIES

On successful completion of the above outcomes, you should be prepared to perform the following competencies as defined in the "Competency Profile" for radiographers established by the CAMRT.

## RADIOGRAPHIC PROCEDURES 3

### Critical Task List

#### **A1 Utilize the request for consultation**

- A1.4 Correlate clinical information to the prescribed examination
- A1.5 Priorize examinations
- A1.6 Plan the radiographic imaging procedure

#### **A2 Prepare work environment for imaging procedures**

- A2.1 Maintain a clean/aseptic work environment
- A2.5 Obtain accessory imaging apparatus
- A2.6 Select/prepare imaging system

#### **A3 Perform pre-procedural tasks**

- A3.1 Identify the patient
- A3.2 Verify clinical information with the patient or clinical staff, adjusting the examination when necessary
- A3.3 Ensure proper patient attire for the procedure
- A3.4 Confirm patient preparation
- A3.5 Remove all items that would compromise the quality of the image
- A3.6 Educate the patient, family and others about the procedure
- A3.7 Confirm that patient's consent is obtained before commencing the procedure
- A3.8 Take appropriate action if patient refuses procedure
- A3.9 Document patient's history of risk factors when using contrast media
- A3.10 Record additional clinical information

#### **A4 Perform patient positioning and related tasks**

- A4.1 Plan/adapt positioning requirements according to patient condition
- A4.2 Demonstrate knowledge of the imaging procedure
- A4.3 Inform the patient of the need to touch prior to touching
- A4.4 Use touch for guidance, safety and comfort
- A4.5 Touch the patient at the required anatomical landmark(s)
- A4.6 Position the patient to demonstrate the required anatomical structures
- A4.7 Use immobilization and positioning aids as required
- A4.8 Direct beam, angling as required, to demonstrate all required anatomical structures
- A4.9 Align the imaging system with the required anatomical structures
- A4.10 Collimate to the area of interest to include required anatomical structures
- A4.11 Provide the patient with breathing instructions
- A4.12 Use proper body mechanics when moving patient

#### **A5 Operate imaging equipment**

- A5.1 Select and use apparatus and accessory equipment
- A5.2 Ensure accuracy of patient demographics in digital imaging systems
- A5.3 Select and use examination protocol for digital imaging
- A5.4 Select/adjust distance parameters

- A5.5 Use appropriate radiographic markers
- A5.6 Select the image receptor system
- A5.7 Select/modify exposure factors on the basis of technical considerations
- A5.8 Select/modify exposure factors on the basis of patient considerations
- A5.9 Take/monitor the exposure
- A5.10 Select automatic exposure control parameters where applicable

**A6 *Perform image processing tasks***

- A6.1 Imprint ID information
- A6.2 Manipulate computer data, if applicable
- A6.3 Process images
- A6.4 Reload the cassette/magazine

**A7 *Critique images and implement corrective measures***

- A7.1 Verify patient ID on the image
- A7.2 Check for correct use and proper placement of markers
- A7.3 Identify anatomy and patient position on the image
- A7.4 Verify that required structures are demonstrated
- A7.5 Recognize image artifacts and take appropriate action
- A7.6 Determine whether the diagnostic quality of the image is acceptable
- A7.7 If image is unacceptable, determine the reason
- A7.8 Manipulate the digital image
- A7.10 Determine corrective action and repeat the procedure, if the image is unacceptable
- A7.12 Evaluate the need for additional views and perform if required

**A8 *Complete post-procedural tasks***

- A8.1 Complete the examination within an appropriate time frame
- A8.2 Record procedural information
- A8.3 Educate the appropriate individual(s) regarding post-procedural activities
- A8.4 Dismiss the patient

**B1 *Protect the patient***

- B1.1 Question female patients to ascertain possibility of pregnancy
- B1.5 Use protective practices to reduce radiation risks
- B1.6 Collimate to the area of interest to minimize patient dose
- B1.7 Select exposure factors, keeping radiation dose as low as reasonably achievable

**B2 *Protect the technologist***

- B2.1 Stand behind protective barriers
- B2.2 Wear lead protective apparel
- B2.3 Remain as far as possible from patient and source during exposure
- B2.4 Use positioning aids/immobilization devices
- B2.5 Direct x-ray towards primary barriers only
- B2.6 Collimate to the area of interest to minimize scatter

**B4 *Protect individuals not required to be present during the procedure***

- B4.1 Close the doors of the radiation area when in use
- B4.2 Instruct people to leave the vicinity during imaging procedure

**B5 *Monitor personal radiation exposure***

- B5.1 Wear/maintain radiation monitoring device

**C1 *Ensure patient safety***

- C1.2 Provide for the patient's safety needs
- C1.3 Use proper patient transfer techniques
- C1.4 Use stretcher and wheelchair locks and guardrails
- C1.5 Use immobilization devices

**C2 *Establish patient trust and confidence***

- C2.1 Dress in a professional manner
- C2.2 Introduce self to patient
- C2.3 Communicate at an appropriate level of understanding for the patient
- C2.4 Respond to patient's concerns
- C2.5 Avoid inappropriate conversation in the presence of the patient
- C2.6 Use reassuring verbal and non-verbal communication techniques
- C2.8 Perform tasks in an organized and confident manner

**C3 *Attend to the patient's comfort and needs***

- C3.1 Acknowledge and respond to the patient's emotional needs
- C3.2 Acknowledge and respond to the patient's physical needs
- C3.3 Move patient during procedure, with consideration to patient's physical condition
- C3.5 Provide for patient privacy

**C5 *Assist in the administration of contrast media and other drugs***

- C5.1 Obtain the patient's history to determine contraindications to contrast media
- C5.2 Inform the patient regarding the possible effects of contrast media and other drugs
- C5.8 Watch for changes in patient's status after the administration of contrast media and other drugs

**D1 *Monitor and maintain processing equipment and facilities***

- D1.2 Prepare new chemicals
- D1.3 Perform start-up/shut-down procedures
- D1.7 Check solution levels
- D1.13 Perform sensitometry
- D1.14 Use sensitometry results to initiate corrective action

**D2 *Monitor radiographic equipment***

- D2.1 Perform visual inspection of cables and equipment
- D2.2 Recognize improper functioning of imaging and accessory equipment/devices
- D2.4 Document and report equipment malfunctions

**E2 *Demonstrate professional behaviour***

- E2.1 Participate as a member of the health care team
- E2.2 Practice effective communication and conflict resolution skills
- E2.3 Respect values, beliefs and needs of others
- E2.4 Take responsibility for actions
- E2.5 Demonstrate professional deportment
- E2.6 Provide education regarding imaging procedures and issues

**Verification**

I verify that the content of this course outline is current.

  
Authoring Instructor

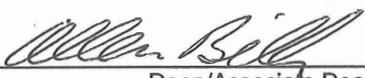
Aug 28/06  
Date

I verify that this course outline has been reviewed.

  
Program Head/Chief Instructor

Aug 28/06  
Date

I verify that this course outline complies with BCIT policy.

  
Dean/Associate Dean

Aug. 28/06  
Date

Note: Should changes be required to the content of this course outline, students will be given reasonable notice.

### Instructor(s)

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and by appointment Address:

### Learning Resources

#### Required:

1. MRAD 2216 Radiographic Procedures 2 Manual.
2. "Merrill's Atlas of Radiographic Positions and Radiologic Procedures," Phillip W. Ballinger (10th Edition). Vol.1, 2 and 3 (2203)
3. "Radiographic Critique" Kathy McQuillen-Martensen (2006).

#### Recommended:

1. "Skeletal Anatomy" — Byron.
2. "Textbook of Radiographic Positioning and Related Anatomy" — Bontrager.

### Information for Students

*(Information below can be adapted and supplemented as necessary.)*

**Assignments:** Late assignments, lab reports or projects will **not** be accepted for marking. Assignments must be done on an individual basis unless otherwise specified by the instructor.

**Makeup Tests, Exams or Quizzes:** There will be **no** makeup tests, exams or quizzes. If you miss a test, exam or quiz, you will receive zero marks. Exceptions may be made for **documented** medical reasons or extenuating circumstances. In such a case, it is the responsibility of the student to inform the instructor **immediately**.

**Ethics:** BCIT assumes that all students attending the Institute will follow a high standard of ethics. Incidents of cheating or plagiarism may, therefore, result in a grade of zero for the assignment, quiz, test, exam, or project for all parties involved and/or expulsion from the course.

**Attendance:** The attendance policy as outlined in the current BCIT Calendar will be enforced. Attendance will be taken at the beginning of each session. Students not present at that time will be recorded as absent.

**Illness:** A doctor's note is required for any illness causing you to miss assignments, quizzes, tests, projects, or exam. At the discretion of the instructor, you may complete the work missed or have the work prorated.

**Course Outline Changes:** The material or schedule specified in this course outline may be changed by the instructor. If changes are required, they will be announced in class.

**Student Policies:** Further information on the student policies can be found at <http://www.bcit.ca/files/pdf/policies/5002.pdf>

## Information for Students (cont'd.)

### Radiographic Evaluation Quizzes

There will be a Rad Eval quiz each week in the film critique labs (Room 4060). In addition to ensuring comprehension of material, the objective of these quizzes is to encourage peer coaching and to promote confidence in your abilities. These are desirable skills in the workplace.

Persons participating in the Rad Eval quiz will be randomly selected each week. The topic will be from the area studied the previous week. Persons not selected for the weekly quiz may be asked to prepare an oral presentation.

In Term 2, the quizzes will be done with partners. The procedure will be as follows:

- During the lab, you will be given 5 minutes to critique a radiographic image using the 10 point radiographic evaluation technique and form.
- When you have finished critiquing your radiograph, a partner will be assigned to review the critique.
- Discuss the critique with your partner. You may choose to change the critique after the discussion, prior to handing in the Rad Eval form.
- The final decision on what is presented on the radiographic evaluation form rests with the originating partner.

Rad Eval Quizzes are worth 10% of the final grade

### Applied Lab

The lab will be done with an assigned partner. Partners and room assignments will be randomly selected on a weekly basis.

Assume that you are relieving another technologist for break. He/she has just exposed the last image for a radiographic series on the patient on the table.

The following set-up will be used:

- machine/equipment will be on
- view/projection will be indicated on the radiographic evaluation form
- phantom will be on the table in the position that it was when the radiograph was taken
- technique that was used for the radiograph will be set on the control panel
- exposed cassette will be in position as it was exposed
- only one repeat exposure is allowed

You will process and evaluate the image with your partner using the 10 point radiographic system.

Repeat the radiograph if not all criteria are met. Clinical notebooks may be used. **Only one repeat may be made.** While one person is processing the image, the other person should shut the room down. Complete the 10 point radiographic evaluation for your repeat radiograph.

Students are responsible for ensuring rooms are left neat and tidy.

Digital images are to be sent to PACS and radiographs and corresponding rad eval sheets are to be handed in at the end of the lab. This lab is worth 10% of the final grade.

### **Positioning Lab Radiograph Assignment Details**

When a radiographic examination is to be performed in lab:

- If requested submit the images and blue instruction sheet(s) on which you have printed your lab x-ray room number and the names of the group of students.
- The radiographs will be graded and returned to one of the students.
- Each student in the group will receive the same grade.
- Marks will be assigned for:
  1. positioning (phantom limitations noted)
  2. structures included
  3. density/contrast
  4. collimation
  5. markers and ID
  6. lack of artifacts
  7. filtration use
  8. correct film size (if applicable)
  9. timely submission
  10. thoroughness and professionalism of submission